CLAIM AMENDMENTS

IN THE CLAIMS:

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This listing of claims wills replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims regarding the present application. In reading this, text added by the amendment is <u>underlined</u> and canceled text appears in <u>strikethrough</u>.

- (Original) An apparatus for preventing cracking of a liquid system, comprising: 1. 1 2 at least one heat exchanger; at least one inlet port extending through a first opening for conveying a fluid to a plurality 3 4 of channels and passages; at least one outlet port extending through a second opening for discharging the fluid from 5 the plurality of channels and passages; and 6 7 one or more compressible objects coupled to the inlet and outlet ports in an unpressured condition such that the compressible objects reduce a volume of the inlet port and the 8 outlet port and further wherein pressure exerted on the compressible object increases a 9
- 1 2. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the compressible objects accommodate a predetermined level of fluid expansion.

volume of the inlet port and the outlet port.

- 1 3. (Original) The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion is between 5 to 25 percent.
- 1 4. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the compressible objects being capable of contracting and expanding between a minimum volume and a maximum volume.
- 1 5. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the compressible objects being secured within the inlet port and the outlet port.

- 6. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the compressible objects are confined within the inlet port and the outlet port.
- 1 7. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the compressible objects are made of one of the following: sponge, foam, air-filled bubbles, or balloons.
- 8. (Original) The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the sponge or foam is hydrophobic.
- 9. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the compressible object is encapsulated in a gas or liquid impermeable package.
- 1 10. (Original) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the package is formed of metallic barrier material or metallized plastic sheet material.
- 1 11. (Original) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the package has a hydrophilic surface or coating.
- 1 12. (Original) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein the package is formed of plastic material.
- 1 13. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the plastic material is selected from the group teflon, mylar, PET, PEN, and PVC, or other suitable plastic materials.
- 1 14. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for preventing cracking of a liquid system, comprising: 2 at least one heat exchanger having a top element and a bottom element; 3 a plurality of channels and passages formed within the bottom element to provide flow of 4 a fluid therethrough; and 5 one or more compressible objects positioned within one or more of the channels and 6 passages such that in an uncompressed state the compressible objects reduce a volume of 7 each of the channels and passages having compressible objects and further wherein under 8 pressure exerted within the channels and passages the compressible objects are 9 compressed to increase the volume of each of the channels and passages.

(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the compressible objects accommodate 1 15. a predetermined level of fluid expansion. 2 1 16. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the predetermined level of fluid 2 expansion is between 5 to 25 percent. 1 17. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the compressible objects being capable 2 of contracting and expanding between a minimum volume and a maximum volume. 1 18. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the compressible objects being 2 positioned with a portion of the top element. 1 19. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the compressible objects are made of 2 one of the following: sponge, foam, air-filled bubbles, or balloons. 1 20. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the compressible objects are 2 encapsulated in a gas or liquid impermeable package. 1 21. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the package is formed of metallic 2 barrier material or metallized plastic sheet material. 1 22. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the package has a hydrophilic surface or 2 coating. 1 23. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the package is formed of plastic 2 material. 1 24. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the plastic material is selected from the 2 group teflon, mylar, PET, PEN, PVC, or other suitable plastic materials. 1 25. (Original) An apparatus for preventing cracking of a liquid system, comprising: 2 an enclosure; and 3 one or more compressible objects immersed in the enclosure.

(Original) The apparatus of claim 25, wherein the objects accommodate a predetermined 1 26. 2 level of fluid expansion. 27. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion 1 2 is between 5 to 25 percent. 1 28. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, wherein the objects having a size and volume 2 proportion to an amount of fluid in the enclosure. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, wherein the objects are a hydrophobic foam. 1 29. 1 (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, wherein the object are a hydrophobic sponge. 30. 1 31. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, wherein the objects are made of one of the 2 following: sponge, foam, air-filled bubbles, or balloons. 1 32. (Original) The apparatus of claim 25, wherein the objects are encapsulated in a gas or 2 liquid impermeable package. 1 33. (Original) The apparatus of claim 32, wherein the package is formed of metallic barrier 2 material or metallized plastic sheet material. 1 34. (Original) The apparatus of claim 32, wherein the package is formed of plastic material. 1 35. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 34, wherein the plastic material is selected 2 from the group teflon, mylar, PET, PEN, and PVC, or other suitable plastic materials. 1 36. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for preventing cracking of a liquid system, comprising: 2 a housing having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet chamber; and 3 one or more compressible objects immersed in the inlet and outlet chambers.

(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the objects accommodate a 37. 1 predetermined level of fluid expansion. 2 1 38. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 37, wherein the predetermined level of fluid 2 expansion is between 5 to 25 percent. 1 39. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the objects having a size and volume 2 proportion to an amount of fluid in the chambers. 1 40. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the objects are a hydrophobic foam. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the objects are a hydrophobic sponge. 1 41. 42. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the objects are made of one of the 1 2 following: sponge, foam, air-filled bubbles, or balloons. 1 43. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the objects are encapsulated in a gas or 2 liquid impermeable package. 1 44. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 43, wherein the package is formed of metallic 2 barrier material or metallized plastic sheet material. 1 45. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 43, wherein the package is formed of plastic 2 material. 1 46. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 45, wherein the plastic material is selected from the 2 group teflon, mylar, PET, PEN, PVC, or other suitable plastic materials. 1 47. (Original) A method of preventing cracking of a liquid system, the system including one 2 or more pumps and one or more heat exchangers, the method comprising the steps of: 3 providing an enclosure; and

immersing one or more compressible objects in the enclosure.

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48. 1 (Original) The method of claim 47, wherein the objects accommodate a predetermined level of fluid expansion. 2 1 49. (Original) The method of claim 48, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion is between 5 to 25 percent. 2 50. 1 (Original) The method of claim 47, wherein the objects having a size and volume 2 proportion to an amount of fluid in the enclosure. 1 (Original) The method of claim 47, wherein the objects are a hydrophobic foam. 51. 1 52. (Original) The method of claim 47, wherein the objects are a hydrophobic sponge. 1 53. (Original) The method of claim 47, wherein the objects are made of one of the following: 2 sponge, foam, air-filled bubbles, or balloons. 1 54. (Original) The method of claim 47, wherein the objects are encapsulated in a gas or liquid 2 impermeable package. 1 55. (Original) The method of claim 54, wherein the package is formed of metallic barrier 2 material or metallized plastic sheet material. 1 56. (Original) The method of claim 54, wherein the package is formed of plastic material. 1 57. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 56, wherein the plastic material is selected 2 from the group teflon, mylar, PET, PEN, and PVC, or other suitable plastic materials. 1 58. (Withdrawn) A method of preventing cracking of a liquid system, the method comprising 2 the steps of: 3 providing a housing having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet chamber; and 4 immersing one or more compressible objects in the inlet and outlet 5 chambers

59. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 58, wherein the objects accommodate a predetermined 1 2 level of fluid expansion. 1 60. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 59, wherein the expansion occurs upon change of phase of an enclosed material from liquid to solid. 2 (Withdrawn) The method of claim 59, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion 1 61. 2 is between 5 to 25 percent. 1 62. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 58, wherein the objects having a size and volume 2 proportion to an amount of fluid in the chambers. 1 63. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 58, wherein the objects are a hydrophobic foam. 1 64. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 58, wherein the objects are a hydrophobic sponge. 1 65. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 58, wherein the objects are made of one of the 2 following: sponge, foam, air-filled bubbles, or balloons. 1 66. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 58, wherein the objects are encapsulated in a gas or 2 liquid impermeable package. 1 (Withdrawn) The method of claim 66, wherein the package is formed of metallic barrier 67. 2 material or metallized plastic sheet material. 1 68. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 66, wherein the package is formed of plastic material. 1 69. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 68, wherein the plastic material is selected from the 2 group teflon, mylar, PET, PEN, PVC, or other suitable plastic materials. 1 70. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for preventing cracking of a liquid system, the system 2 including one or more pumps and one or more heat exchangers, comprising an enclosure, 3 wherein the enclosure being capable of contracting and expanding between a minimum

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4		size and volume condition and a maximum size and volume condition with fluid
5		expansion during freezing.
1	71.	(Withdrawn) An apparatus for preventing cracking in a pump, comprising:
2		a housing having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet chamber, the
3		inlet and outlet chambers having a relatively narrowed central portion and substantially
4		identical expanded end portions; and
5		means for initiating freezing from the narrowed central portion to the expanded end
6		portions.
1	72.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 71, wherein the means for initiating comprises at
2		least one metallic insert mounted at a location in at least one of the inlet and outlet
3		chambers.
1	73.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 72, wherein the metallic insert is made of one of the
2		following: copper, gold, silver, or a material of high thermal conductivity, such as silicon,
3		aluminum, or a metal.
1	74.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 72, wherein the metallic insert is coated with nickel
2		or copper.
1	75.	(Withdrawn) A method of preventing cracking in a pump, the method comprising the
2		steps of:
3		providing a housing having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet chamber, the
4		inlet and outlet chambers having a relatively narrowed central portion and substantially
5		identical expanded end portions; and
6		providing means for initiating freezing from the narrowed central portion to the expanded
7		end portions.
1	76.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 75, wherein the step of providing means for initiating
2		comprises disposing at least one metallic insert at a location in at least one of the inlet and

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outlet chambers.

(Withdrawn) The method of claim 76, wherein the metallic insert is made of one of the 77. 1 2 following: copper, gold, silver, or a material of high thermal conductivity, such as silicon, 3 aluminum, or a metal. 78. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 76, wherein the metallic insert is coated with nickel 1 2 or copper. 79. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for preventing cracking in a liquid system, comprising: 1 2 an enclosure; and at least one air pocket disposed in the enclosure, the air pocket positioned farthest away 3 from a location where liquid begins to freeze in the enclosure. 4 (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 79, wherein the air pocket having a volume 1 80. 2 proportion to an amount of fluid in the enclosure. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 79, wherein the air pocket accommodates a 1 81. 2 predetermined level of fluid expansion. 1 82. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 81, wherein the predetermined level of fluid 2 expansion is between 5 to 25 percent. 1 83. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for preventing cracking of a liquid system, comprising: 2 a housing having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet chamber; and 3 at least one air pocket disposed in the inlet and outlet chambers, the air pocket positioned 4 farthest away from a location where liquid begins to freeze in the chambers. 1 84. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 83, wherein the air pocket having a volume 2 proportional to an amount of fluid in the chambers. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 84, wherein the proportional is between 5% and 1 85. 2 25%.

1 2	86.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 83, wherein the air pocket accommodates a predetermined level of fluid expansion.
1 2	87.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 86, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion is between 5 to 25 percent.
1	88.	(Withdrawn) A method of preventing cracking of a liquid system, the method comprising
2		the steps of:
3		providing an enclosure; and
4		disposing at least one air pocket in the enclosure, the air pocket
5		positioned farthest away from a location where liquid begins to freeze in the
6		enclosure.
1	89.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 88, wherein the air pocket having a volume proportion
2		to an amount of fluid in the enclosure.
1	90.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 88, wherein the air pocket accommodates a
2		predetermined level of fluid expansion.
1	91.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 90, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion
2		is between 5 to 25 percent.
1	92.	(Withdrawn) A method of preventing cracking of a liquid system, the method comprising
2	,	the steps of:
3		providing a housing having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet chamber; and
4		disposing at least one air pocket in the inlet and outlet chambers, the air pocket
5		positioned farthest away from a location where liquid begins to freeze in the
6		chambers.
1	93.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 92, wherein the air pocket having a volume proportion
2		to an amount of fluid in the chambers.

94. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 92, wherein the air pocket accommodates a 1 2 predetermined level of fluid expansion. 1 95. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 94, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion 2 is between 5 to 25 percent. (Withdrawn) An apparatus for preventing cracking of a liquid system, comprising: 1 96. 2 an enclosure for holding liquid having a plurality of walls; and 3 at least one flexible object coupled to form a portion of at least one wall of the enclosure 4 such that pressure exerted on the flexible object increases a 5 volume of the enclosure. 1 97. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 96, wherein the flexible object accommodates a 2 predetermined level of fluid expansion. 1 98. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 97, wherein the predetermined level of fluid 2 expansion is between 5 to 25 percent. 1 99. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 96, wherein the flexible object being capable of 2 contracting and expanding between a minimum volume condition and a maximum 3 volume condition. 1 100. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 96, wherein the flexible object being secured within 2 the enclosure. 101. 1 (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 96, wherein the flexible object is made of one of the 2 following: rubber, plastic or foam. 1 102. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 96, wherein the enclosure is a tubing. 1 (Withdrawn) An apparatus for preventing cracking of a liquid system, comprising: 103. 2 a housing for holding liquid having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet 3 chamber structure; and

4 5 6		at least one flexible object coupled to form a portion of at least one of the inlet and outlet chambers such that pressure exerted on the flexible object increases a volume of the housing.
1 2	104.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 103, wherein the flexible object accommodates a predetermined level of fluid expansion.
1 2	105.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 104, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion is between 5 to 25 percent.
1 2 3	106.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 103, wherein the flexible object being capable of contracting and expanding between a minimum volume condition and a maximum volume condition.
1 2	107.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 103, wherein the flexible object being secured within the inlet and outlet chambers.
1 2	108.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 103, wherein the flexible object is made of one of the following: rubber, plastic or foam.
1 2 3 4 5	109.	(Withdrawn) A method of preventing cracking of a liquid system, the method comprising the steps of: providing an enclosure for holding liquid having a plurality of walls; and disposing at least one flexible object to form a portion of at least one wall of the enclosure such that pressure exerted on the flexible object increases a volume of the enclosure, the flexible object accommodating a predetermined level of fluid expansion.
1 2	110.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 109, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion is between 5 to 25 percent.
1 2 3	111.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 109, wherein the flexible object being capable of contracting and expanding between a minimum volume condition

1 2	112.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 109, wherein the flexible object is made of one of the following: rubber, plastic or foam.
1	113.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 109, wherein the enclosure is a tubing.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	114.	(Withdrawn) A method of preventing cracking of a liquid system, the method comprising the steps of: providing a housing for holding liquid having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet chamber; and disposing at least one flexible object to form a portion of at least one of the inlet and outlet chambers such that pressure exerted on the flexible object increases a volume of the housing, the flexible objects accommodating a predetermined level of fluid expansion.
1 2	115.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 114, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion is between 5 to 25 percent.
1 2 3	116.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 114, wherein the flexible object being capable of contracting and expanding between a minimum volume condition and a maximum volume condition.
1 2	117.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 114, wherein the flexible object is made of one of the following: rubber, plastic or foam.
1 2 3 4 5	118.	(Withdrawn) An apparatus for preventing cracking in a pump, comprising: a housing having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet chamber; and a plurality of spaced apart flexible objects coupled to form a portion of at least one wall of the housing such that pressure exerted on the plurality of spaced apart flexible objects increases a volume of the housing.
1 2	119.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 118, wherein the flexible objects accommodate a predetermined level of fluid expansion.

1 2	120.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 119, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion is between 5 to 25 percent.
1 2 3	121.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 118, wherein the flexible objects being capable of contracting and expanding between a minimum volume condition and a maximum volume condition.
1	122.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 118, wherein the pump is electro-osmotic.
1 2	123.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 118, wherein the flexible objects are made of elastomer hinges.
1 2	124.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 118, wherein the flexible objects are made of one of the following: plastic, rubber, or foam.
1 2	125.	(Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 118, wherein the flexible objects are fastened to rigid plates of the housing.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	126.	(Withdrawn) A method of preventing cracking in a pump, the method comprising the steps of: providing a housing having at least one inlet chamber and at least one outlet chamber; and disposing a plurality of spaced apart flexible objects to form at least one wall of the housing such that pressure exerted on the plurality of spaced apart flexible objects increase a volume of the housing, the plurality of spaced apart flexible objects accommodating a predetermined level of fluid expansion.
1 2	127.	(Withdrawn) The method of claim 126, wherein the predetermined level of fluid expansion is between 5 to 25 percent.

- 1 128. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 126, wherein the flexible objects being capable of contracting and expanding between a minimum volume condition and a maximum volume condition.
- 1 129. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 126, wherein the pump is electro-osmotic.
- 1 130. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 126, wherein the flexible objects are made of elastomer hinges.
- 1 131. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 126, wherein the flexible objects are made of one of the following: plastic, rubber or foam.
- 1 132. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 126, wherein the flexible objects are fastened to rigid plates of the housing.